Course – B.A. (Prog.) 2018-19

Sem	Type of Course	Course Name	Course Outcomes
1	Core	LOGIC	CO1: Helps in sharpening the reasoning and argumentation skill of a learner and simultaneously helps in identifying the flaws. CO2: Enhances the analytical skills, so that one can resolve the difficult issues and finally arrives at a reasonable solution. CO3: Helps in good scoring for a better rank in form of result
2	Core	ETHICS	CO1: This curriculum should enable students to develop ability for moral reasoning and act with ethical deliberations. After studying ethics one is equipped with the ethical sensitivity and moral understanding required to solve complex ethical dilemmas

3	Core	INDIAN PHILOSOPHY	CO1: At a macro level, the	
5			Indian contribution to global	
			philosophy is still not	
			recognized in the same manner	
			as Western Philosophy. To give	
			one example, while we	
			essentially teach Western	
			Philosophy in our university	
			curriculum, Indian Philosophy is	
			still not popular in West or elsewhere and is not a	
			'compulsory' element of course	
			curriculum. Part of the reason is	
			that we have not brought out the contribution of Indian	
			Philosophy properly. Therefore, the learning outcomes from this	
			course must be dovetailed to	
			highlight the positive	
			contribution of this paper and in what way some of the thought	
			processes are better than its	
			Western counterpart.	
			CO2: It should also be the	
			1	
			endeavours to promote the	
			Indian way of life encapsulating Indian values, ethos and cultural	
			context. As future citizens,	
			students should go out of the	
			university fully aware of Indian	
			philosophical tradition and	
			· ·	
			should be indeed part of it.	
			Unless they feel part and parcel	
			of this thought processes, they would not be able to contribute	
			1	
			any value addition to their job	
			profile.	

4	Core	WESTERN PHILOSOPHY	CO1: This course explores foundational philosophical concepts through the lenses of key thinkers. Students will analyze Plato's knowledge- opinion dichotomy, Descartes' "Cogito, ergo sum" and mind- body dualism, Spinoza's substance theory, Leibniz's monads, Berkeley's critique of Locke and idealism, Hume's causal skepticism, and Kant's proposition classifications and synthetic a priori possibility. The curriculum fosters critical thinking by encouraging the assessment of diverse philosophical perspectives, enhancing analytical skills, and deepening comprehension of metaphysical and epistemological debates
5	Core/DSE	FEMINISM	CO1: The study of Feminism arms the student with analytical skills to develop valid arguments to counter gender discrimination, sexism and patriarchal dominance. Feminist theory has a social agenda i.e. to initiate transformation in social structures, customs and practices. Thus the study of Feminism is not only an empowering tool against gender oppression but also against other systems of oppression such as race, class and colour

6	Core/DSE	SOCIAL AND	CO1:to make students a better
U		POLITICAL	citizens by understanding the
		PHILOSOPHY	notion of democracy
		FIILOSOFIII	
			CO2: To know rights of
			Individuals and communities.
			CO3: To learn to live in
			cohesive manner in a
			multicultural setup

GE	FUNDAMENTALS OF	CO1: Students will appreciate
01		the Indian Metaphysics of
		various ancient Indian schools
		such as
		Charvaka, Buddhism, Jainaism,
		Samkhya ,Mimamha and
		Vedanta.
		CO2: They will become aware
		of the Metaphysics of various
		schools which will help them to
		understand the society at
		large.
		CO3:In unit II, students will
		gain familiarity with the
		epistemology of Charvaka and
		Nyaya -
		Vaishesika system. Unit II and
		Unit III are interrelated in the
		sense that epistemology of a
		particular school can be
		understood through its
		metaphysics and vice-versa.
		CO4: In Unit IV Students will
		learn to develop scientific,
		logical and rational inquiry for
		understanding the systems.
		Students will able to do a
		comparative analysis of all
		systems
		which will further enhance their
		debating skills. Students will
		develop the ability to think
		critically and to read and
		analyze scientific literature.
	GE	GE FUNDAMENTALS OF INDIAN PHILOSOPHY

6	GE	PHILOSOPHICAL THOUGHT OF AMBEDKAR	CO1: Learn Ambedkar's alternative reading of Indian philosophy by interrogating dominant philosophical systems and its texts. CO2: Critical engagement with social reality conditioned by the caste system. CO3: Learn the liberative and democratic potential of philosophy of Ambedkar in reconstructing Indian nation. CO4: To make good citizen by understudying the indigenous democratic philosophical thought.
			thought.

Course – B.A. (Prog.) 2019-20

Sem	Type of Course	Course Name	Course Outcomes
1	Core	LOGIC	CO1: Helps in sharpening the reasoning and argumentation skill of a learner and simultaneously helps in identifying the flaws. CO2: Enhances the analytical skills, so that one can resolve the difficult issues and finally arrives at a reasonable solution. CO3: Helps in good scoring for a better rank in form of result
2	Core	ETHICS	CO1: This curriculum should enable students to develop ability for moral reasoning and act with ethical deliberations. After studying ethics one is equipped with the ethical sensitivity and moral understanding required to solve complex ethical dilemmas

3	Core	INDIAN PHILOSOPHY	CO1: At a macro level, the Indian contribution to global philosophy is still not recognized in the same manner as Western Philosophy. To give one example, while we essentially teach Western Philosophy in our university	
			curriculum, Indian Philosophy is still not popular in West or elsewhere and is not a	
			'compulsory' element of course curriculum. Part of the reason is that we have not brought out the	
			contribution of Indian Philosophy properly. Therefore,	
			the learning outcomes from this course must be dovetailed to highlight the positive	
			contribution of this paper and in what way some of the thought processes are better than its	
			Western counterpart. CO2: It should also be the	
			endeavours to promote the Indian way of life encapsulating Indian values, ethos and cultural	
			context. As future citizens, students should go out of the	
			university fully aware of Indian philosophical tradition and should be indeed part of it.	
			Unless they feel part and parcel of this thought processes, they would not be able to contribute	
			any value addition to their job profile.	

4	Core	WESTERN PHILOSOPHY	CO1: This course explores foundational philosophical concepts through the lenses of key thinkers. Students will analyze Plato's knowledge- opinion dichotomy, Descartes' "Cogito, ergo sum" and mind- body dualism, Spinoza's substance theory, Leibniz's monads, Berkeley's critique of Locke and idealism, Hume's causal skepticism, and Kant's proposition classifications and synthetic a priori possibility. The curriculum fosters critical thinking by encouraging the assessment of diverse philosophical perspectives, enhancing analytical skills, and deepening comprehension of metaphysical and epistemological debates
5	Core/DSE	FEMINISM	CO1: The study of Feminism arms the student with analytical skills to develop valid arguments to counter gender discrimination, sexism and patriarchal dominance. Feminist theory has a social agenda i.e. to initiate transformation in social structures, customs and practices. Thus the study of Feminism is not only an empowering tool against gender oppression but also against other systems of oppression such as race, class and colour

6	Core/DSE	SOCIAL AND	CO1: To make students a better
		POLITICAL	citizens by understanding the
		PHILOSOPHY	notion of democracy
			CO2: To know rights of
			Individuals and communities.
			CO3: To learn to live in
			cohesive manner in a
			multicultural setup

5	GE	FUNDAMENTALS OF	CO1: Students will appreciate
		INDIAN PHILOSOPHY	the Indian Metaphysics of
			various ancient Indian schools
			such as
			Charvaka, Buddhism, Jainaism,
			Samkhya ,Mimamha and
			Vedanta.
			1 1
			CO2: They will become aware
			of the Metaphysics of various
			schools which will help them to
			understand the society at
			large.
			CO3:In unit II, students will
			gain familiarity with the
			epistemology of Charvaka and
			Nyaya -
			Vaishesika system. Unit II and
			Unit III are interrelated in the
			sense that epistemology of a
			particular school can be
			understood through its
			metaphysics and vice-versa.
			CO4: In Unit IV Students will
			learn to develop scientific,
			logical and rational inquiry for
			understanding the systems.
			Students will able to do a
			comparative analysis of all
			systems
			which will further enhance their
			debating skills. Students will
			develop the ability to think
			critically and to read and
			analyze scientific literature.

understudying the indigenous democratic philosophical thought.
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Course – B.A. (Prog.) 2020-21

Sem	Type of Course	Course Name	Course Outcomes
1	Core/DSC	Logic	CO1: Helps in sharpening the reasoning and argumentation skill of a learner and simultaneously helps in identifying the flaws. CO2: Enhances the analytical skills, so that one can resolve the difficult issues and finally arrives at a reasonable solution. CO3: Helps in good scoring for a better rank in form of result
2	Core/DSC	Ethics	CO1: This curriculum should enable students to develop ability for moral reasoning and act with ethical deliberations. After studying ethics one is equipped with the ethical sensitivity and moral understanding required to solve complex ethical dilemmas

3	Core/DSC	Indian Philosophy	CO1: At a macro level, the Indian contribution to global philosophy is still not recognized in the same manner as Western Philosophy. To give one example, while we essentially teach Western Philosophy in our university curriculum, Indian Philosophy is still not popular in West or elsewhere and is not a
			that we have not brought out the contribution of Indian Philosophy properly. Therefore, the learning outcomes from this course must be dovetailed to highlight the positive contribution of this paper and in what way some of the thought processes are better than its Western counterpart. CO2: It should also be the endeavours to promote the Indian way of life encapsulating Indian values, ethos and cultural context. As future citizens, students should go out of the university fully aware of Indian philosophical tradition and should be indeed part of it. Unless they feel part and parcel of this thought processes, they would not be able to contribute any value addition to their job profile.

4	Core/DSC	MODERN WESTERN PHILOSOPHY	CO1: This course will enable students to think outside the box of the prevalent philosophical orthodoxies. CO2: The history of philosophy trains the mind to think differently and alternatively about the fundamental problems of philosophy.
5	Core/DSE	Social and Political Philosophy: Indian & Western	CO1: To make students a better citizens by understanding the notion of democracy CO2: To know rights of Individuals and communities. CO3: To learn to live in cohesive manner in a multicultural setup
6	Core/DSE	Philosophy of Religion	C01: Philosophy of religion develops a critical approach in the students whereby they are able to form an informed opinion regarding various issues concerning religion.
5	SEC	Art and Film Appreciation	CO1: It is a skill to develop and enhance philosophical analysis and contextualizing in terms of Rasa ,empathy and disinterestedness.

6	SEC	Critical Thinking and	CO1: Helps in generating
-		Decsion making	productive/creative ideas for
			further use in difficult situation.
			CO2: Creates enthusiasm for
			taking a risk of dealing with
			difficult issues and finding a
			way out for solution
			CO3: Provides valuable
			intellectual traits like how to
			critically read, listen and write
			and develop faith in reason and
			encourage a flair for fairness and
			justice. As a result a learner
			learns step by step how to arrive
			at an ideal solution keeping in
			mind all situational factors.
			CO4: Provides clarity in
			thinking as well as proper
			understanding of an issue to
			make it precise for further
			analysis.
			CO5: Helps to use the skills of
			observation, analysis and
			evaluation and also provides
			sound reason for doubting and
			questioning.
			CO6: Finally the learner
			becomes self-directed, self-
			monitored and self-corrective
			through this process of reflective
			thinking, and can proceed for
			right choice.

5	GE	Ethics	CO1: This curriculum should enable students to develop ability for moral reasoning and act with ethical deliberations. After studying ethics one is equipped with the ethical sensitivity and moral understanding required to solve complex ethical dilemmas
6	GE	Philosophical thoughts of Ambedkar	CO1: Learn Ambedkar's alternative reading of Indian philosophy by interrogating dominant philosophical systems and its texts. CO2: Critical engagement with social reality conditioned by the caste system. CO3: Learn the liberative and democratic potential of philosophy of Ambedkar in reconstructing Indian nation. CO4: To make good citizen by understudying the indigenous democratic philosophical thought.

Course – B.A. (Prog.) 2021-22

Sem	Type of Course	Course Name	Course Outcomes
1	Core	Logic	CO1: Helps in sharpening the reasoning and argumentation skill of a learner and simultaneously helps in identifying the flaws. CO2: Enhances the analytical skills, so that one can resolve the difficult issues and finally arrives at a reasonable solution. CO3: Helps in good scoring for a better rank in form of result
2	Core	Ethics	CO1: This curriculum should enable students to develop ability for moral reasoning and act with ethical deliberations. After studying ethics one is equipped with the ethical sensitivity and moral understanding required to solve complex ethical dilemmas

3	DSE	Indian Philosophy	CO1: At a macro level, the Indian contribution to global philosophy is still not recognized in the same manner as Western Philosophy. To give one example, while we essentially teach Western Philosophy in our university curriculum, Indian Philosophy is still not popular in West or elsewhere and is not a 'compulsory' element of course curriculum. Part of the reason is that we have not brought out the contribution of Indian	
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			still not popular in West or	
			elsewhere and is not a	
			'compulsory' element of course	
			e l	
			Philosophy properly. Therefore,	
			the learning outcomes from this	
			course must be dovetailed to	
			highlight the positive	
			contribution of this paper and in what way some of the thought	
			processes are better than its	
			Western counterpart.	
			CO2: It should also be the	
			endeavours to promote the	
			Indian way of life encapsulating	
			Indian values, ethos and cultural	
			context. As future citizens,	
			students should go out of the	
			university fully aware of Indian	
			philosophical tradition and	
			should be indeed part of it.	
			Unless they feel part and parcel	
			of this thought processes, they	
			would not be able to contribute	
			any value addition to their job	
			profile.	

4	DSE	MODERN WESTERN PHILOSOPHY	CO1: This course will enable students to think outside the box of the prevalent philosophical orthodoxies. CO2: The history of philosophy trains the mind to think differently and alternatively about the fundamental problems of philosophy.
5	Core/DSE	Social and Political Philosophy: Indian & Western	CO1: To make students a better citizens by understanding the notion of democracy CO2: To know rights of Individuals and communities. CO3: To learn to live in cohesive manner in a multicultural setup
6	Core/DSE	Feminism	CO1: The study of Feminism arms the student with analytical skills to develop valid arguments to counter gender discrimination, sexism and patriarchal dominance. Feminist theory has a social agenda i.e. to initiate transformation in social structures, customs and practices. Thus the study of Feminism is not only an empowering tool against gender oppression but also against other systems of oppression such as race, class and colour
5	SEC	Art and Film Appreciation	CO1: It is a skill to develop and enhance philosophical analysis and contextualizing in terms of Rasa ,empathy and disinterestedness.

6	SEC	Critical Thinking and	CO1: Helps in generating	
		Decsion making	productive/creative ideas for	
			further use in difficult situation.	
			CO2: Creates enthusiasm for	
			taking a risk of dealing with	
			difficult issues and finding a	
			way out for solution	
			CO3: Provides valuable	
			intellectual traits like how to	
			critically read, listen and write	
			and develop faith in reason and	
			encourage a flair for fairness and	
			justice. As a result a learner	
			learns step by step how to arrive	
			at an ideal solution keeping in	
			mind all situational factors.	
			CO4: Provides clarity in	
			thinking as well as proper	
			understanding of an issue to	
			make it precise for further	
			analysis.	
			CO5: Helps to use the skills of	
			observation, analysis and	
			evaluation and also provides	
			sound reason for doubting and	
			questioning.	
			CO6: Finally the learner	
			becomes self-directed, self-	
			monitored and self-corrective	
			through this process of reflective	
			thinking, and can proceed for	
			right choice.	

5	GE	Ethics	CO1: This curriculum should enable students to develop ability for moral reasoning and act with ethical deliberations. After studying ethics one is equipped with the ethical sensitivity and moral understanding required to solve complex ethical dilemmas
6	GE	Philosophical thoughts of Ambedkar	CO1: Learn Ambedkar's alternative reading of Indian philosophy by interrogating dominant philosophical systems and its texts. CO2: Critical engagement with social reality conditioned by the caste system. CO3: Learn the liberative and democratic potential of philosophy of Ambedkar in reconstructing Indian nation. CO4: To make good citizen by understudying the indigenous democratic philosophical thought.

Course – B.A. (Prog.) 2022-23

Sem	Type of Course	Course/Paper Name	Course/Paper Outcomes
1	MAJOR	Major DSC-2 Logic	CO1: Helps in sharpening the reasoning and argumentation skill of a learner and simultaneously helps in identifying the flaws. CO2: Enhances the analytical skills, so that one can resolve the difficult issues and finally arrives at a reasonable solution. CO3: Helps in good scoring for a better rank in form of result
1	MINOR	DSC-1 Philosophical Issue	CO1: By studying this course, a student should be able to demonstrate a clear understanding of the background the philosophical issues. CO2: They will acquire a good understanding of the key concepts of Indian schools as well as Western philosophy. CO3: They will have a sound understanding of epistemological, metaphysical, and ethical issues and shall be able to go for further studies in the subject

1	VAC	Ethics and Culture	CO1: Explore perspectives on ethics in thoughts, words and actions CO2: Evolve ethical decision making practises CO3: Understand the need for an ethical society and culture CO4: Introspect, become conscious of and assess one's stance in life CO5: Cultivate empathy, tolerance and compassion CO6: Apply the values learnt in the course to everyday life
2	MAJOR	Introduction to Western Philosophy	CO1: The students will be equipped with knowledge of basics of western philosophy CO2: The students will acquire the skills of reading the texts of western philosophy CO3: The students will be able to analyze the various traditions of western philosophy
2	MINOR	Introduction to Indian Philosophy	CO1: Students will learn about the different aspects of Indian Philosophy CO2: Students will understand and appreciate the contrasting approaches to the truth in Indian philosophy CO3: The student will come to appreciate that Indian philosophy is one of the major streams of thought in the world

2	VAC	Ethics and Culture	CO1: Explore perspectives on
			ethics in thoughts, words and
			actions
			CO2. Evolve ethical decision
			making practises
			CO3. Understand the need for an
			ethical society and culture
			CO4. Introspect, become
			conscious of and assess one's
			stance in life
			CO5. Cultivate empathy,
			tolerance and compassion
			CO6. Apply the values learnt in
			the course to everyday life

3	Core	MIL-Introduction to Indian Philosophy	CO1. Students will appreciate the Indian Metaphysics of various ancient Indian schools such as Charvaka, Buddhism, Jainaism, Samkhya, Mimamha and Vedanta. CO2. They will become aware of the Metaphysics of various schools which will help them to understand the society at large. CO3. In the unit students will gain familiarity with the epistemology of Charvaka and Nyaya - Vaishesika system. Unit II and Unit III are interrelated in the sense that epistemology of a particular school can be understood through its metaphysics and vice-versa. CO4: In Unit IV Students will learn to develop scientific, logical and rational inquiry for understanding the systems. Students will able to do a comparative analysis of all systems which will further enhance their debating skills. Students will develop the ability to think critically and to read and analyze scientific literature. CO5. Students will develop strong oral and written communication skills through the effective presentation of Projects, Quiz as well as through Seminars.
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4	Core	MIL-Introduction to Western Philosophy	CO1: This paper seeks to do three things: I. it will make students witness how philosophers who were either pmdecessors or contemporari. evaluated the theories of others. thus will advise them in distinguishing good arguments from bad argumenT CO2. it will enable students to have a better understanding of how a man thinks and what goes on into the making of human thought. CO3. It will also make students aware that them is no place for superficial approach to the complex questions in life.
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GENERIC ELECTIVE (GE) Courses Common Pool and Language

Sem	Type of Course	Course Name	Course Outcomes
1	GE	Ethics in Public Domain	CO1: To equip the students with tools and techniques for handling socio political issues that affect them on individual / collective basis. CO2: Larger awareness of public issues and empathy with marginalised issues in society. CO3:Inculcate a sense of ethical responsibility and a vision to challenge the existing norms in need of change

2	GE	Philosophy, Politics, Economics	CO1: To equip students with good working knowledge of concepts in philosophy, politics, and economics and how they interact with each other. CO2: This will make students appreciate the interconnections between the subjects, and also develop interdisciplinary thinking
5	SEC	Art and Film Appreciation	CO1: It is a skill to develop and enhance philosophical analysis and contextualizing in terms of Rasa ,empathy and disinterestedness.

6	SEC	Critical Thinking and	CO1: Helps in generating
		Decsion making	productive/creative ideas for
		Decsion making	further use in difficult situation.
			CO2: Creates enthusiasm for
			taking a risk of dealing with
			difficult issues and finding a
			way out for solution
			CO3: Provides valuable
			intellectual traits like how to
			critically read, listen and write
			and develop faith in reason and
			encourage a flair for fairness and
			justice. As a result a learner
			learns step by step how to arrive
			at an ideal solution keeping in
			mind all situational factors.
			CO4: Provides clarity in
			thinking as well as proper
			understanding of an issue to
			make it precise for further
			analysis.
			CO5: Helps to use the skills of
			observation, analysis and
			evaluation and also provides
			sound reason for doubting and
			questioning.
			CO6: Finally the learner
			becomes self-directed, self-
			monitored and self-corrective
			through this process of reflective
			thinking, and can proceed for
			right choice.

5	GE	Ethics	CO1: This curriculum should enable students to develop ability for moral reasoning and act with ethical deliberations. After studying ethics one is equipped with the ethical sensitivity and moral understanding required to solve complex ethical dilemmas
6	GE	Philosophical Thought of Ambedkar	CO1: Learn Ambedkar's alternative reading of Indian philosophy by interrogating dominant philosophical systems and its texts. CO2: Critical engagement with social reality conditioned by the caste system. CO3: Learn the liberative and democratic potential of philosophy of Ambedkar in reconstructing Indian nation. CO4: To make good citizen by understudying the indigenous democratic philosophical thought.

Course – B.A. (Prog.) 2023-24

Sem	Type of Course	Course/Paper Name	Course/Paper Outcomes
1	MAJOR	B.A (PROG) Logic	 CO1: Helps in sharpening the reasoning and argumentation skill of a learner and simultaneously helps in identifying the flaws. CO2: Enhances the analytical skills, so that one can resolve the difficult issues and finally arrives at a reasonable solution. CO3: Helps in good scoring for a better rank in form of result
1	MINOR	Philosophical Issues	 CO1: By studying this course, a student should be able to demonstrate a clear understanding of the background the philosophical issues. CO2: They will acquire a good understanding of the key concepts of Indian schools as well as Western philosophy. CO3: They will have a sound understanding of epistemological, metaphysical, and ethical issues and shall be able to go for further studies in the subject
1	VAC	ETHICS AND CULTURE	 CO1: Explore perspectives on ethics in thoughts, words and actions CO2: Evolve ethical decision making practises CO3: Understand the need for an ethical society and culture CO4: Introspect, become conscious of and assess one's stance in life CO5: Cultivate empathy, tolerance and compassion CO6: Apply the values learnt in the course to everyday life

2	MAJOR	Introduction to Western Philosophy	CO1: The students will be equipped with knowledge of basics of western philosophy CO2: The students will acquire the skills of reading the texts of western philosophy CO3: The students will be able to analyze the various traditions of western philosophy
2	MINOR	Introduction to Indian Philosophy	CO1: Students will learn about the different aspects of Indian Philosophy CO2: Students will understand and appreciate the contrasting approaches to the truth in Indian philosophy CO3: The student will come to appreciate that Indian philosophy is one of the major streams of thought in the world
2	VAC	ETHICS AND CULTURE	 CO1: Explore perspectives on ethics in thoughts, words and actions CO2. Evolve ethical decision making practises CO3. Understand the need for an ethical society and culture CO4. Introspect, become conscious of and assess one's stance in life CO5. Cultivate empathy, tolerance and compassion CO6. Apply the values learnt in the course to everyday life
3	MAJOR	Ethics	CO1: The student will be able to understand and analyse ethical theories CO2: The student will appreciate the role of reasoning in ethics CO3: The student will be able to evaluate different theories of ethics CO4: The student will be able to apply ethical theories in practical situations

3	MINOR	Social and Political Philosophy	CO1. The student will understand the philosophical origin, and nature of some of the fundamental concepts used in contemporary political discourse. CO2. The student will be able to analyze political discourse by using concepts in both western and Indian traditions CO3. The student will appreciate the concepts and ideas of western and Indian political thought.
3	VAC	Bharatiy Bhakti Paramptra aur Manaviy Mulya	 CO1. Through the Indian Bhakti tradition, development of human values and qualities in the students and they will become good and characterful. CO2. Knowledge about the cultural and social aspects of the Indian Bhakti tradition. CO3. The Indian Bhakti tradition will be given to the students through the knowledge of the ancient and all-India nature of Bhakti. CO4. The feeling of nationalism and all-Indianness will be awakened and strengthened. CO5. Major devotional poems will be introduced, poets will be introduced and information about their thoughts will be available.
3	VAC	Ethics and Culture	 CO1. The Learning Outcomes of this course are as follows: CO2. Explore perspectives on ethics in thoughts, words and actions CO3. Evolve ethical decision making practices CO4. Understand the need for an ethical society and culture CO5. Introspect, become conscious of and assess one's stance in life CO6. Cultivate empathy, tolerance and compassion CO7. Apply the values learnt in the course to everyday life

4	MAJOR	Truth-Functional Logic	 CO1. Students will be able to evalaute arguemnts symbolized in truth fucntional notation. CO2. Students will learn to use proof system for both sentetial logic and predicate logic to construct derivations for valid arguments. CO3. Students will be able to formulate counterexamples for invalid arguments symbolized in the notations of predicate logic. CO4. Students will develop critical thinking and problem-solving skills.
4	MINOR	Truth-Functional Logic	 CO1. Students will be able to evalaute arguemnts symbolized in truth fucntional notation. CO2. Students will learn to use proof system for both sentetial logic and predicate logic to construct derivations for valid arguments. CO3. Students will be able to formulate counterexamples for invalid arguments symbolized in the notations of predicate logic. CO4. Students will develop critical thinking and problem-solving skills
4	VAC	Ethics and Culture	CO1. The Learning Outcomes of this course are as follows: CO2. Explore perspectives on ethics in thoughts, words and actions CO3. Evolve ethical decision making practices CO4. Understand the need for an ethical society and culture CO5. Introspect, become conscious of and assess one's stance in life CO6. Cultivate empathy, tolerance and compassion CO7. Apply the values learnt in the course to everyday life

GENERIC ELECTIVE (GE) Courses Common Pool and Language

1	GE	Ethics in Public Domain	 CO1: To equip the students with tools and techniques for handling socio political issues that affect them on individual / collective basis. CO2: Larger awareness of public issues and empathy with marginalised issues in society. CO3: Inculcate a sense of ethical responsibility and a vision to challenge the existing norms in need of change
2	GE	Philosophy, Politics, Economics	CO1: To equip students with good working knowledge of concepts in philosophy, politics, and economics and how they interact with each other. CO2: This will make students appreciate the interconnections between the subjects, and also develop interdisciplinary thinking
3	GE	Philosophical Debates: Western	CO1: It will develop skills of critical evaluation of key arguments of philosophers CO2: It will enable students to have a better understanding of how a philosopher develops and defends a theme CO3: It will create an understanding of philosophical themes and debates
4	GE	Bioethics	 CO1. The learning outcomes of this are multidimensional. It forms a strong base in the field of research of ethics and medicine care. CO2. It would also increase the student's ability to identify their role in capacity building. CO3. It directly enforce student's role in social responsibility.

5	GE	Fundamentals of Indian Philosophy	 CO1. Students will appreciate the Indian Metaphysics of various ancient Indian schools such as Charvaka, Buddhism, Jainaism, Samkhya ,Mimamha and Vedanta. CO2. They will become aware of the Metaphysics of various schools which will help them to understand the society at large. CO3. In unit II, students will gain familiarity with the epistemology of Charvaka and Nyaya - Vaishesika system. Unit II and Unit III are interrelated in the sense that epistemology of a particular school can be understood through its metaphysics and vice-versa. CO4. In Unit IV Students will learn to develop scientific, logical and rational inquiry for understanding the systems. Students will able to do a comparative analysis of all systems which will further enhance their debating skills. Students will develop the ability to think critically and to read and analyze scientific literature.
5	SEC	Art and Film Appreciation	CO1: It is a skill to develop and enhance philosophical analysis and contextualizing in terms of Rasa ,empathy and disinterestedness.